

**CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT**

**WILDOMAR 11-ACRE PROJECT  
CITY OF WILDOMAR  
RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA**

LSA

June 2015

# CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT

## WILDOMAR 11-ACRE PROJECT CITY OF WILDOMAR RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for:

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LSA Project No. MMI1501

### **National Archaeological Data Base Information:**

*Type of Study:* Reconnaissance Survey

*Sites Recorded:* None

*USGS 7.5' Quadrangle:* Murrieta, California

*Acreage:* 11 acres

*Keywords:* No resources

# LSA

June 2015

## **MANAGEMENT SUMMARY**

LSA Associates, Inc. (LSA) was retained by Mari Mina LLC to conduct a cultural resources assessment for the proposed development of 11 acres in the City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California. This cultural resources assessment was completed pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

LSA has completed a cultural resources records search and field survey. The results of these efforts did not identify any cultural resources within or near the project area, which is severely disturbed. Sensitivity of the project area for cultural resources may be considered low. Therefore, due to the lack of cultural resources and disturbance, no further cultural resources investigations or monitoring is recommended.

In the event previously undocumented archaeological resources are identified during earthmoving activities, further work in the area should be halted until the nature and significance of the find can be assessed by a qualified archaeologist.

If human remains are encountered, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. The County Coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the remains are determined to be prehistoric, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), which will determine and notify a Most Likely Descendant (MLD). With the permission of the landowner or his/her authorized representative, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection within 48 hours of notification by the NAHC. The MLD may recommend scientific removal and nondestructive analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American burials.

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## **INTRODUCTION**

LSA Associates, Inc. (LSA) was retained by Mari Mina LLC to conduct a cultural resources assessment for the proposed development of 11 acres in the City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California. This cultural resources assessment was completed per the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), Public Resources Code (PRC) Chapter 2.6, Section 21083.2, and California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 14, Chapter 3, Article 5, Section 15064.5. The research and field survey were conducted to determine whether the proposed project would adversely affect any historical resources.

## **PROJECT LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION**

The project area encompasses a total of approximately 11 acres on two parcels (Assessor's Parcel Numbers [APNs] 362-250-001 and 362-250-026). The proposed development consists of 77 single-family residences.

As Figure 1 shows, the project site is located east of Interstate 15 (I-15) on the north side of Clinton Keith Road between George Avenue and Iodine Springs Road. The project is bounded by multi-acre rural lots to the east, a residential tract neighborhood to the west, parcels currently under residential development to the north, and a vacant lot to the south.

## **NATURAL SETTING**

The natural setting of the project vicinity is presented based on the underlying theoretical assumption that humans and human societies are in continual interaction with the physical environment. Being an integral part of the ecological system, humans adapt to the environment through technological and behavioral changes. Locations of archaeological sites are based on the constraints of these adaptations, whether it is proximity to a particular resource, topographical restrictions, or shelter and protection. Sites will also contain an assemblage of artifacts and ecofacts consistent with the particular interaction.

### **Hydrology**

The project region is characterized by a temperate climate, with dry, hot summers and moderate winters. Rainfall ranges from 12 to 16 inches annually (Beck and Haase 1974). Precipitation usually occurs in the form of winter rain, with warm monsoonal showers in summer. The nearest source of water is Murrieta Creek, which is located approximately one-half mile west of the project. The project area was once transected by an ephemeral drainage that ran south into Murrieta Creek.

### **Biology**

At an elevation of approximately 1,380 feet above mean sea level (amsl), the project is within the Lower Sonoran Life Zone of California (Schoenherr 1992), which ranges from below sea level to 3,500 feet amsl. Common plants in Wildomar include California buckwheat, fiddleneck, and mustard. Cholla, Russian thistle, star thistle, poison oak, and xeric grasses were also noted within the project area. Extensive fauna are known locally, including many endemic species of reptiles, birds, and

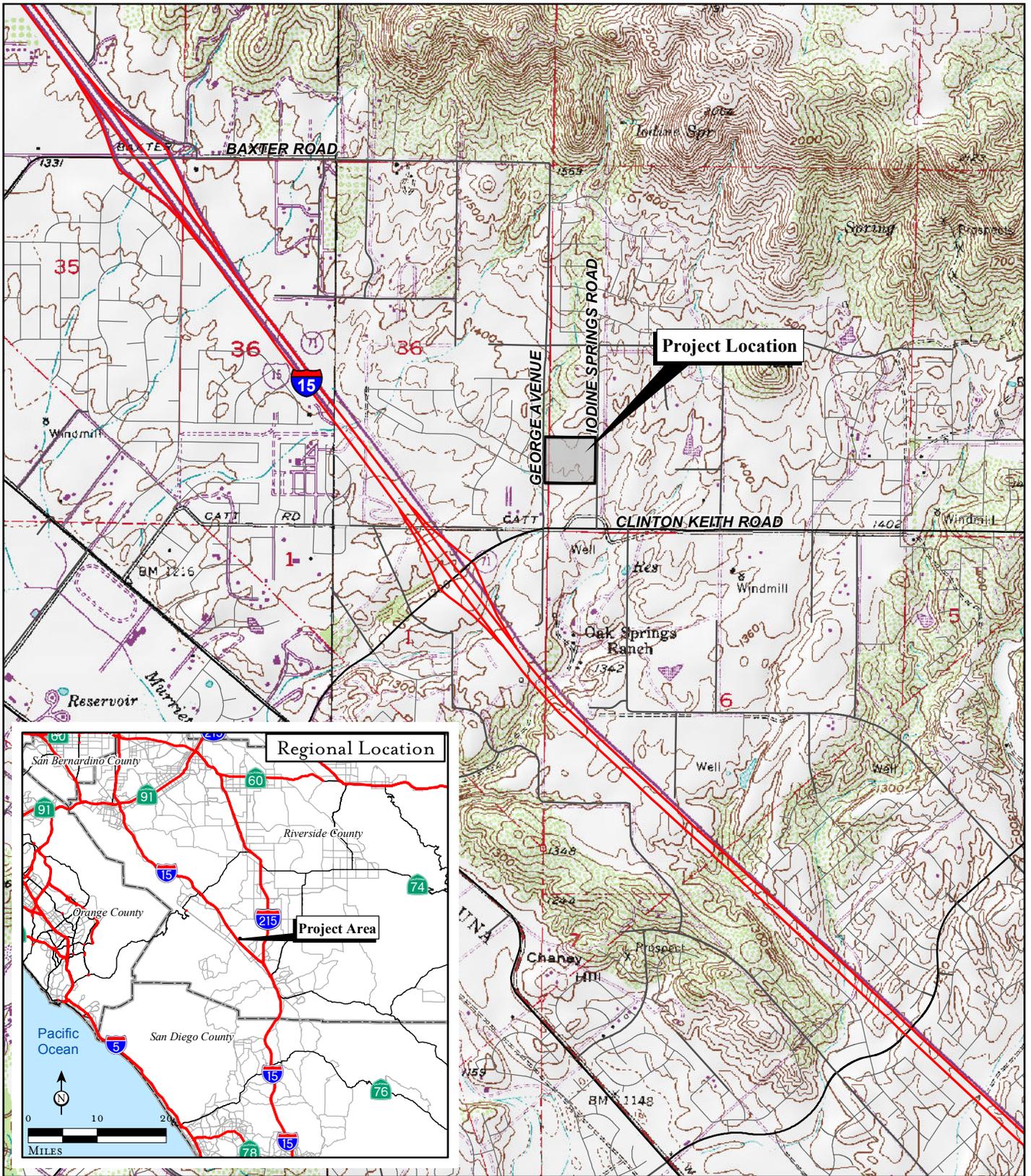
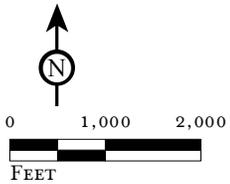


FIGURE 1

LSA



SOURCE: USGS 7.5' Quads: Murrqueta, 1979 and Wildomar, 1988, CA; County of Riverside, 2015.

I:\NovaHomesWildomar\Reports\Cultural\fig1\_RegLoc.mxd (6/3/2015)

*Nova Homes Wildomar  
Cultural Resources Assessment*

Regional and Project Location

insects. Common animals of this region include rodents, rabbits, coyotes, raptors, reptiles, vultures, and insects. The natural biology of the project has been extensively disrupted by modern development.

## **Geology**

The project area is located at the northern end of the Peninsular Ranges Geomorphic Province, a 900-mile long northwest-southeast trending structural block that extends from the Transverse Ranges to the tip of Baja California and includes the Los Angeles Basin (California Geological Survey 2002; Norris and Webb 1976). The total width of this province is approximately 225 miles, extending from the Colorado Desert in the east, across the continental shelf to the Southern Channel Islands (Santa Barbara, San Nicolas, Santa Catalina, and San Clemente) in the west (Sharp 1976). This region is characterized by a series of mountain ranges separated by northwest-trending valleys subparallel to faults branching from the San Andreas Fault. The geology of this province is similar to that of the Sierra Nevada, with granitic rock intruding into the older metamorphic rocks. It contains extensive pre-Cretaceous (older than 145 million years ago [Ma]) igneous and metamorphic rocks covered by limited exposures of post-Cretaceous (younger than 66 Ma) sedimentary deposits (Norris and Webb 1976). Within this province, the project is located on the Perris Block, a fault-bounded structural block that extends from the southern foot of the San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mountains southeast to the vicinity of Bachelor Mountain and Polly Butte (Morton and Miller 2006; Kenney 1999). It is bounded on the northeast by the San Jacinto Fault and on the southwest by the Elsinore Fault Zone (Morton and Miller 2006).

The majority of the project area contains the information sandstone member of the Pleistocene Pauba Formation (approximately 600,000–120,000 years ago), with igneous rocks of the Cretaceous Peninsular Ranges batholith in a small area in the northeast corner (Kennedy and Morton 2003; Pajak et al. 1996). The informal sandstone member of the Pauba Formation consists of brown, moderately cemented, cross-bedded sandstone with infrequent cobble and boulder conglomerate beds (Kennedy and Morton 2003). The formation as a whole is known to produce scientifically important vertebrate fossils from the Irvingtonian North American Land Mammal Age (NALMA). These fossils include ground sloth, camel, mammoth, mastodon, deer, horse, mouse, shrew, and rabbit (Jefferson 1991; Pajak et al. 1996). There is a potential to recover similar fossils in the deposits of the sandstone member of the Pauba Formation within the project area. Therefore, these deposits have high sensitivity for paleontological resources. The igneous rocks of the Peninsular Ranges batholith in the far northeast corner of the project area have no paleontological sensitivity.

## **CULTURAL SETTING**

### **Prehistory**

The description of various prehistoric stages or chronologies identifying cultural evolution in the Southern California area has been attempted numerous times. Several of these chronologies are reviewed in Moratto (1984). No single description is universally accepted. The various chronologies are based primarily on material developments identified by researchers familiar with sites in a region, and variation exists essentially due to the differences in those items found at the sites. Small differences occur over time and space, which combine to form patterns that are variously interpreted.

Currently, two primary regional culture chronology syntheses (Wallace 1955, 1978; Warren 1968) are commonly referenced in the archaeological literature. The first, Wallace (1955, 1978), is among the most widely used prehistoric chronology for Southern California. It describes four cultural horizons or time periods: Horizon I – Early Man (9000–6500 BC), Horizon II – Milling Stone Assemblages (6500–2000 BC), Horizon III – Intermediate Cultures (2000 BC–AD 200), and Horizon IV – Late Prehistoric Cultures (AD 200–historic contact). This chronology was refined (Wallace 1978) using absolute chronological dates unavailable in 1955. One issue with Wallace’s chronology is artifacts specified as diagnostic are not necessarily so. For instance, groundstone, which is characteristic of Milling Stone sites, is also found at Late sites; therefore, groundstone does not necessarily indicate a specific time period.

The second cultural chronology (Warren 1968) is based broadly on Southern California prehistoric cultures, including those of Santa Barbara, San Diego, and the inland desert areas, and was also revised (Warren 1984; Warren and Crabtree 1986). Warren’s chronology includes five periods in prehistory: Lake Mojave (7000 to 5000 BC), Pinto (4000–3000 BC), Gypsum (1000 BC–AD 1), Saratoga Springs (AD 500–1000), and Protohistoric (AD 1500–historic). Warren views cultural continuity and change in terms of various significant environmental shifts, fitting what is known as the cultural ecological approach. Changes in settlement pattern and subsistence focus are viewed as cultural adaptations to a changing environment. In general, this pattern begins with gradual environmental warming in the late Pleistocene, continues with the desiccation of the desert lakes, followed by a brief return to pluvial conditions, and concludes with a general warming and drying trend, with periodic reversals that continue to the present (Warren 1986).

## **Ethnography**

The project area is situated within the traditional boundaries of the Luiseño (Bean and Shipek 1978). Like other Native American groups in Southern California, the Luiseño were semi-nomadic, hunter-gatherers who subsisted by exploitation of seasonally available plant and animal resources and were first encountered by the Spanish missionaries in the late 18<sup>th</sup> century. The first written accounts of the Luiseño are attributed to the mission fathers; later documentation was by Sparkman (1908), Kroeber (1925), White (1963), Oxendine (1983), and others.

## **History**

In California, the historic era is generally divided into three periods: the Spanish Period (1769 to 1821), the Mexican Period (1821 to 1848), and the American Period (1848 to present).

**Riverside County.** The Southern Pacific Railroad completed its line from Los Angeles through the San Geronio Pass in 1876. The trains were eventually used to transport settlers into the area, creating a period of agricultural and land development, ultimately resulting in the establishment of Riverside County in 1893. Transportation, agriculture, and the control of water have continued to be central themes in the settlement, development, and growth of Riverside County (Robinson 1979).

**Wildomar.** The community began as the mail and railroad station for the southeastern portion of the Elsinore Colony in 1884. Named for founders William Collier, Donald Graham and Collier’s sister

Margaret who was married to Graham who subdivided a portion of the former La Laguna Rancho, the town was established as a temperance colony and attracted Quakers from Iowa. The first post office was established in 1886, but the route of the California Southern railroad through the town was subject to frequent wash-outs and was abandoned in 1927 (Garrison 1963). Wildomar remained a small agricultural community into the 1970s, after which residential development began to encroach upon cultivated areas (Gunther 1988). The community was incorporated in 2008.

**Oak Springs Ranch** (33-016988/-020991; see below). What became known locally in the Wildomar area as the Oak Springs Ranch (indicated as a place-name on USGS maps beginning in 1953) is historically obscure, but appears to have been established as early as the late 1930s when olive groves and clusters of apiaries are visible on the property (HistoricAerials.com 1938). Archaeological remnants suggest the ranch was a diversified agricultural operation, but training racehorses was ultimately the major activity (De Jong 2014; Watts 2013), and the ranch at least occasionally hosted guests (*Los Angeles Times* 1970).

## **METHODS**

### **Research**

In June 2015, a cultural resources records search for the current project area was conducted at the Eastern Information Center (EIC) at the University of California, Riverside by LSA Archaeologist Gini Austerman. The EIC houses the pertinent archaeological site and survey information necessary to determine whether cultural resources are recorded within the study area boundaries and which specific areas have been previously surveyed. The research included a review of all recorded historic and prehistoric archaeological sites within one mile of the project, as well as a review of known cultural resource survey and excavation reports. In addition, LSA examined the California State Historic Property Data File (HPD), which includes the National Register of Historic Places (National Register), California Historical Landmarks (CHL), and California Points of Historical Interest (CPHI), various local historic registers, and historic maps.

### **Field Survey**

The reconnaissance survey of the project area was conducted by LSA Archaeologist Riordan Goodwin on June 5, 2015. The survey was conducted by walking transects spaced by approximately 15 meters. Soil profiles were examined for cultural stratigraphy and rodent back dirt was checked for cultural remains.

## **RESULTS**

### **Research**

Data from the EIC indicate there have been 47 previous cultural resources studies conducted within a one-mile radius of the project, none of which included any portion of the project area. Although no resources were previously documented within the project area, there are eight within the study area, including: six prehistoric archaeological resources (33-8652, -8653, -11434, -17366, and -15905 are lithic artifact scatters; 33-11435 is an isolated artifact); two that date to the historic period (33-15306,

a historic refuse site; and 33-016988/-020991, standing ruins, historic foundation remnants of the locally renowned but historically obscure Oak Springs Ranch); and one residence built in 1922 (33-007805). The former site of the Oak Springs Ranch is the closest resource, located across the street from the southern boundary of the project area.

**Table A: Results of Records Search**

Archaeological Sites	Built Environment	Reports
33-008652, 33-008653, 33-011434, 33-011435, 33-015306, 33-016988/33-020991, and 33-17366	33-007805	RI-0509, RI-1246, RI-2020, RI-2121, RI-2215, RI-2219, RI-2382, RI-3127, RI-3340, RI-3341, RI-4070, RI-4090, RI-4297, RI-4390, RI-4877, RI-4885, RI-4937, RI-5009, RI-5216, RI-5536, RI-5920, RI-5921, RI-5967, RI-5970, RI-6023, RI-6035, RI-6036, RI-6234, RI-6397, RI-6400, RI-6442, RI-6691 RI-6737, RI-6827, RI-6830, RI-6905, RI-7408, RI-7578, RI-7593, RI-7600, RI-7677, RI-7680, RI-8055, RI-8859, RI-8934, RI-8935, and RI-9066.

**Field Survey**

The field survey revealed that the project area has been severely disturbed by grading, with approximately 65 percent of the original surface remaining. Overall ground visibility was good at approximately 70 percent, with some obstruction from vegetation. Landscaping and construction debris were encountered throughout the project area. No cultural resources were identified.

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

LSA has completed a cultural resources records search and field survey. The results of these efforts did not identify any cultural resources within or near the project area, which is severely disturbed. Sensitivity of the project area for cultural resources may be considered low; therefore, due to disturbance and the lack of cultural resources, no further cultural resources investigations or monitoring is recommended.

In the event previously undocumented archaeological resources are identified during earthmoving activities, further work in the area should be halted until the nature and significance of the find can be assessed by a qualified archaeologist.

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**APPENDIX A**  
**RECORDS SEARCH BIBLIOGRAPHY**

## Report List

Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-00509	NADB-R - 1080548; Voided - MF-0441	1978	Stan Wilmoth	Environmental Impact Evaluation: Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel Map 12198, Murrieta Area of Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-01246	NADB-R - 1081408; Voided - MF-1241	1981	Alan Davis	Environmental Impact Evaluation: An Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel 17625, Northwest of Murrieta in Riverside County, California	Archaeological Reseach Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-02020	NADB-R - 1082444; Voided - MF-2210	1985	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TRACT 20311, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02121	NADB-R - 1082548; Voided - MF-2309	1987	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCES SURVEYS, INC.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FORM: TP 22611	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02215	NADB-R - 1082646; Voided - MF-2402	1988	GOODMAN, JOHN D.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL 23087, LOCATED NORTH OF MURRIETA IN SOUTHWESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	
RI-02219	NADB-R - 1082650; Voided - MF-2406	1988	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 22776, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02382	NADB-R - 1082880; Voided - MF-2622	1989	PARR, ROBERT E.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF T.P. 23508 LOCATED NORTH OF MURRIETA IN SOUTHWESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, UNIVERSITY OF CALIF, RIVERSIDE	
RI-03127	NADB-R - 1083680; Voided - MF-3347	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT 3109, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-03340	NADB-R - 1083958; Voided - MF-3580	1988	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CHANGE OF ZONE 5231, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-03341	NADB-R - 1085264; Submitter - 311; Voided - MF-3580	1998	LOVE, BRUCE	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT: SENIOR LIFESTYLE PERSPECTIVES PROJECT, APNS 369-050-040, -041, AND - 042, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-008173

## Report List

Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-04070	NADB-R - 1085219; Submitter - 306; Voided - MF-4519	1998	LOVE, BRUCE and BAI "TOM" TANG	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT WATER AND SEWER PIPELINE RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND ASSOCIATED FACILITIES IN COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 97-1, NEAR WILDOMAR ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-04090	NADB-R - 1085261; Other - WO 1032B; Submitter - 292; Voided - MF-4553	1998	LOVE, BRUCE	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES EXTENDED SURVEY REPORT: SITE CA-RIV-4034H NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF SAGE, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.	CRM TECH	33-004034
RI-04297	NADB-R - 1085559; Other - HR 98006; Voided - MF-4780	1998	WADE, SUE A.	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATIONS FOR THE CLINTON KEITH ROAD AND RESIDENTIAL PROJECT (TRACT MAP 29039 AND PARCEL MAP 29040), COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA.	HERITAGE RESOURCES	33-008652, 33-008654
RI-04390	NADB-R - 1085717; Voided - MF-4892	2000	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE 1 CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 540/CHANGE OF ZONE 6536 LOCATED NEAR MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	33-001257, 33-003405, 33-003956, 33-008173, 33-008652, 33-008949
RI-04600	NADB-R - 1085960; Submitter - 021026	2002	BROCK, JAMES	CULTURAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE MOUNTAIN GATE PROJECT (TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 28507), CITY OF PALM SPRINGS, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ADVISORY GROUP	
RI-04877	NADB-R - 1086239	2003	PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC.	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPOSED TEMECULA VALLEY REGIONAL WATER RECLAMATION FACILITY EFFLUENT PIPELINE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC.	33-010986
RI-04885	NADB-R - 1086247; Submitter - GD-03- R209	2003	IRISH, LESLIE NAY, ANNA M. HOOVER, and KRISTIE R. BELVINS	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL RECORDS SEARCH AND SURVEY REPORT FOR TT#31009, APN 362-150-023, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA.	L&L ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	
RI-04937	NADB-R - 1086299; Submitter - 04-03-06- 748	2003	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL REOURCES SURVEY OF THE DEPASQUALE FAMILY PARTNERSHIP PROPOERTY (TRACT 30155) IN THE OAK SPRINGS AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	MCKENNA ET AL.	

## Report List

Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-05009	NADB-R - 1086371; Submitter - 06-01-06-576	2001	MCKENNA ET AL.	A PALEONTOLOGICAL OVERVIEW OF THE USA PETROLEUM CORP. PROJECT SITE LOCATED IN THE WILDOMAR AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	MCKENNA ET AL.	
RI-05033	NADB-R - 1086395; Submitter - 05-05-06-1094	2005	MCKENNA ET AL.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATION FOR THE PROPOSED RIVERSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT (RUSD) BEATTY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SITE IN THE CITY OF RIVERSIDE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	MCKENNA ET AL.	
RI-05216	NADB-R - 1086579	2002	ROBINSON, MARK C.	PHASE II TESTING AND EVALUATION OF 33-11434 (CA-RIV-6821)	GREAT LAKES RESEARCH	33-011434
RI-05378	NADB-R - 1086741	2004	KELLER, JEAN	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 29845	JEAN KELLER	
RI-05536	NADB-R - 1086899	2005	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESORUCES ASSESSMENT OF HIDDEN SPRINGS RANCH APN 380-290-029, +/-9.5 ACRES OF LAND NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	JENA KELLER	
RI-05920	NADB-R - 1087283; Submitter - 896	2002	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI TANG, TERESA WOODARD, MARIAM DAHDUL, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 30656, APNS 362-180-029 TO -032, WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-05921	NADB-R - 1087284; Submitter - 893	2002	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI TANG, TERESA WOODARD, MARIAM DAHDUL, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 30734, CLINTON KEITH ROAD AND SMITH RANCH ROAD, WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	33-007804, 33-007812
RI-05967	NADB-R - 1087330; Submitter - 1096	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, JOSH SMALLWOOD, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31499, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-05970	NADB-R - 1087333; Submitter - 1061	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, CASEY TIBBET, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31479, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	

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RI-06023	NADB-R - 1087386; Submitter - 1079	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, and MARIAM DAHDLUL	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 31331, EA NO. 39030, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06035	NADB-R - 1087398	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF PLOT PLAN 19064, +/-10 ACRES OF LAND NEAR MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06036	NADB-R - 1087399	2005	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 31813, 27.57 ACRES OF LAND NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06234	NADB-R - 1087597; Submitter - CRM TECH CONTRACT #1288	2004	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, and JOHN J. EDDY	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31837, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-06397	NADB-R - 1087760; Submitter - CONTRACT #6397	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 32792, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06400	NADB-R - 1087763; Submitter - CONTRACT #1608	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32535, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06442	NADB-R - 1087807; Submitter - CONTRACT #1499	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and JOHN EDDY	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31813, IN AN UNINCORPORATED AREA NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDMOAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	

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RI-06691	NADB-R - 1088058; Submitter - CONTRACT NO. 1862	2006	TANG, BAI "TOM"	LETTER REPORT: HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES RECORDS SEARCH: THE MURRIETA TRIANGLE COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, APNS 910-390- 001 TO 003, 008 TO 018, 021, 022; AND 910- 400-001 TO 018, PORTIONS OF RANCHO TEMECULA LAND GRANT, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06737	NADB-R - 1088104; Submitter - LSA PROJECT NO. OKE0601	2006	AUSTERMAN, VIRGINIA	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT, BAXTER PROJECT, AN UNINCORPORATED AREA OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	LSA ASSOCIATES, INC.	33-015306
RI-06827		2006	Williams, Audry	Archaeological Survey Report for the Southern California Edison Company, Wildomar Service Center Project	Southern California Edison Company, Natural and Cultural Resources Group	33-015304, 33-015305
RI-06830		2006	Sander, Jay K.	Cultural Resources Inventory of 3 Acres, A.P.N. 380-240-001, -001, and -003, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Chambers Group, Inc.	
RI-06905	Other - Contract No. 06715.06, 06788.06	2006	Jordan, Stacey C.	Archaeological Survey Report for the Southern California Edison Company, DSP- DOROF 12Kv Circuit Project, Riverside County, California (WO# 6077-5395; AI# 6- 5301 and 6-5302)	Mooney Jones & Stokes, San Diego, CA	
RI-07408		2006	Keller, Jean A.	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of PAR #788 Crossroads Apartments, +- 23.19 Acres of Land in Wildomar, Riverside County, California, USGS Murrieta, California Quadrangle, 7.5' Series	Author	
RI-07578		2008	Lord, Kenneth J.	Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment Catt Road Project, Wildomar Area, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-07593	Other - Contract No. 00104.08	2008	Tsunoda, Koji and Joshua D. Patterson	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison Company O&M -- Wildomar Service Center Fiber Optic Cables Project, on the Nutmeg 12 kV Circuit Riverside County, California	Jones and Stokes	
RI-07600	Submitter - CRM Tech Contract No. 2202	2008	Tang, Bai "Tom", Clarence Bodmer, Daniel Ballester, and Laura Shaker	Phase I Archaeological Assessment: Assessor's Parcel No. 380-290-003, 36125 Jana Lane, Wildomar Area, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	

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RI-07677	Other - Contract No.: #01128.07; Other - SCE 2007 CWA 93	2008	Tsunoda, Koji	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT FOR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY O&M-NEXUS RESIDENTIAL PROJECT ON THE NUTMEG 12kV CIRCUIT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA (WO#6277-6784, AI#K-6757)	Jones & Stokes, San Diego, CA	33-016988
RI-07680		2006	Rosenberg, Seth A. and Brian F. Smith	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE BEAR CREEK PLAZA PHASE II PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-08055	Submitter - LA3434A	2009	Wayne Bonner	Letter Report:Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for Royal Street Communications California, LLC	Michael Brandman Associates, Irvine, California	
RI-08173		2008	Michael R. Oberndorf and Marc A. Beherec	San Bernardino National Forest Archaeological Reconnaissance Report, San Jacinto Ranger District, San Bernardino National Forest	San Jacinto Ranger District, San Bernardino National Forest; M.B. Native American Veterans, Inc.	33-000166, 33-000304, 33-000389, 33-000821, 33-002875, 33-002876, 33-002877, 33-002878, 33-002879, 33-002880, 33-002881, 33-002882, 33-002883, 33-002884, 33-002885, 33-002886, 33-002887, 33-002888, 33-002889, 33-002890, 33-002891, 33-002892, 33-002893, 33-005465, 33-005539, 33-006855, 33-006856, 33-006857, 33-006858, 33-006859, 33-007884, 33-010952, 33-017357, 33-017622, 33-017650, 33-017651, 33-017652, 33-017653, 33-017654, 33-017655, 33-017656, 33-017657, 33-017658, 33-017659, 33-017660, 33-017661, 33-017662, 33-017663, 33-017664, 33-017665, 33-017666, 33-017667, 33-017668, 33-017669, 33-017670, 33-017671, 33-017673, 33-017674, 33-017675, 33-017676, 33-017677, 33-017678, 33-017679, 33-017680, 33-017681, 33-017682, 33-017683, 33-017684, 33-017685, 33-017686, 33-017689, 33-017690, 33-017691, 33-017692, 33-017693, 33-017694, 33-017695, 33-017696, 33-017697, 33-017698, 33-017699, 33-017700, 33-017701, 33-017702, 33-017703, 33-017704, 33-017705, 33-017706, 33-017707, 33-017708, 33-017709, 33-017710, 33-017711

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RI-08859	Submitter - CRM Tech Contract No. 2627A	2012	Bai "Tom" Tang, Michael Hogan, Daniel Ballester, Terri Jacquemain, and Nina Gallardo	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report Assessor's Parcel No. 380-350-022, City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	33-003405, 33-007804, 33-007812, 33-008173, 33-008652, 33-008653, 33-008654, 33-008948, 33-008949, 33-011434, 33-011435, 33-011436, 33-013913, 33-015304, 33-015305, 33-016988, 33-017366
RI-08934	Submitter - Contract No. 2717	2013	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey, Assessor's Parcel Nos. 376-410-013, -022, and -023 (Westpark Project), City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	33-008173
RI-08935	Submitter - Contract No. 2716	2013	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey, Assessor's Parcel No. 380-290-029(Siena Apartments Project), City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	
RI-09066		2012	Tracy A. Stropes and Brian F. Smith	PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY FOR THE WILDOMAR 23 PROJECT CITY OF WILDOMAR, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, Assessor's Parcel Numbers: 380-280-004, and 380-280-008 through -012	Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc.	